Audit			cedures Repo	ort						
	nment Type			Local Governme	ent Name Port Sanila	ıc		County Sanila	ac	
Audit Date 6/30/05			Opinion Date 9/23/05			nt Report Submit	led to State:			
We have	ce with th	e S	nancial statements of this tatements of the Govern r Counties and Local Units	mental Accou	unting Stand	ards Board (GASB) and th	e Uniform R	Reporting F	repared in Format fo
We affirm										
1. We ha	ave compl	lied	with the <i>Bulletin for the Au</i>	idits of Local U	Units of Gove	rnment in Mic	<i>higan</i> as revise	ed.		
2. We as	re certified	l pul	olic accountants registered	d to practice in	n Michigan.					
We further			lowing. "Yes" responses h endations	nave been disc	closed in the	financial state	ments, includir	ng the notes,	or in the re	eport of
You must	check the	арр	licable box for each item b	oelow.						
Yes	✓ No	1.	Certain component units.	/funds/agencie	es of the loca	l unit are excl	uded from the	financial stat	ements.	
√ Yes	☐ No	2.	There are accumulated 275 of 1980).	deficits in one	e or more of	this unit's uni	reserved fund	balances/reta	ined earn	ings (P.A.
√ Yes	☐ No	3.	There are instances of amended).	non-complian	ce with the	Uniform Acco	unting and Bu	idgeting Act	(P.A. 2 of	f 1968, as
Yes	Yes Vo 4. The local unit has violated the conditions of either an order issued under the Municipal Finance Act or it requirements, or an order issued under the Emergency Municipal Loan Act.					Act or its				
Yes	√ No	5.	The local unit holds depart as amended [MCL 129.9					requirement	s. (P.A. 20	D of 1943
Yes	✓ No	6.	The local unit has been of	delinquent in d	distributing ta	x revenues tha	at were collecte	ed for another	· taxing ur	nit.
Yes	✓ No	7.	The local unit has viola pension benefits (norma credits are more than the	I costs) in the	e current yea	r. If the plan i	s more than 1	00% funded	and the o	
Yes	✓ No	8.	The local unit uses cred (MCL 129.241).	dit cards and	has not add	opted an appl	icable policy a	as required b	y P.A. 26	6 of 199
Yes	✓ No	9.	The local unit has not ad	lopted an inve	estment policy	as required b	y P.A. 196 of	1997 (MCL 12	29.95).	
We have	enclosed	i the	e following:				Enclosed	To Be Forwarde		Not equired
The letter	r of comm	ents	and recommendations.				✓			
Reports	on individual federal financial assistance programs (program audits).						✓			
Single Au	Single Audit Reports (ASLGU).					✓				
1	ublic Account	•	Firm Name) & Whipple PC							
Street Addr			·		1	City Port Huron		State MI	ZIP. 48060	
Accountant			Beauair	+U/hu		,		Date 12/28/05		
			/							

VILLAGE OF PORT SANILAC

Sanilac County, Michigan

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT and Supplementary Information

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005





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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND CONSULTANTS



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the President and Members of the Village Council Village of Port Sanilac, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Port Sanilac, Michigan, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Village of Port Sanilac's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As discussed in Note 1, the Village of Port Sanilac, Michigan prepares its financial statements on a modified cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position-modified cash basis of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Port Sanilac, Michigan as of June 30, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position-modified cash basis thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report, dated September 23, 2005, on our consideration of the Village of Port Sanilac's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of our testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 9, and schedules of budgetary comparisons on pages 42 and 43 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Village of Port Sanilac, Michigan's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

> Stewast, Beauvant Whipple Certified Public Accountants

September 23, 2005

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the Village of Port Sanilac's annual financial report presents the Village's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2005 with the limitations of the Village's modified cash basis of accounting. Please read it in conjunction with the Village's financial statements, which follows this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The Village's total expense exceeded total revenues on the modified cash basis of accounting by \$(24,397) for the year, resulting in a decrease in total net assets of 1.3 percent over the previous year.

The Village participated in the Michigan Drinking Water Revolving Fund during the year by drawing down the final \$153,658 to fund water system improvements.

The Village's General fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$136,668, which represents approximately 26 percent of reoccurring expenditures of the general fund.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Report Components –

The annual report consists of four parts as follows:

Basic Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements: The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities (on pages 10-12) provide information about the activities of the Village government-wide and present a longer-term view of the Village's finances.

Fund Financial Statements: Fund financial statements (starting on page 13) focus on the individual parts of the Village government. Fund financial statements also report the Village's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Village's most significant ("major") funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. For proprietary activities, these statements offer short-term and long-term financial information about the activities the Village operates like businesses, such as the water, sewer, and trash services.

Notes to the Financial Statements: The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the government-wide and fund financial statements and provide expanded explanation and detail regarding the information reported in the statements.

Required Supplementary Information: This Management's Discussion and Analysis and the General fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule (starting on page 42) represent financial information required by GASB to be presented. Such information provide users of this report with additional data that supplements the government-wide statements, fund financial statements, and notes (referred to as "the basic financial statements").

Other Supplementary Information: This part of the annual report (starting on page 44) includes optional financial information such as combining statements for nonmajor funds (which are added together and shown in the fund financial statements in a single column) and budget comparisons for special revenue funds. This other supplemental financial information is provided to address certain specific needs of various users of the Village's annual report.

Basis of Accounting

The Village has elected to present its financial statements on a modified cash basis of accounting. This modified cash basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Basis of accounting is a reference to when financial events are recorded, such as the timing for recognizing revenues, expenses, and their related assets and liabilities. Under the Village's modified cash basis of accounting, revenues and expenses and related assets and liabilities are recorded when they result from cash transactions, except for the recording of depreciation expense on capital assets in the government-wide financial statements for all activities and in the fund financial statements for proprietary fund activities.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this annual report, the reader should keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the modified cash basis of accounting.

Reporting the Village as a Whole

The Villages Reporting Entity Presentation

The annual report includes all activities for which the Village Council is fiscally responsible. These activities defined as the Village's reporting entity, are operated as the primary government and other separate legal entities that are included as component units.

The Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

Our financial analysis of the Village as a whole begins on page 10. The government-wide financial statements are presented on pages 10 and 11. One of the most important questions asked about the Village's finances is, "is the Village as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information about the Village as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all of the Village's assets and liabilities resulting from the use of the modified cash basis of accounting.

These two statements report the Village's net assets and changes in them. Keeping in mind the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting, you can think of the Village's net assets the difference between assets and liabilities as one way to measure the Village's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Village's net assets are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other nonfinancial factors, however, such as changes in the Village's sales tax base and the condition of the Village's roads, to assess the overall health of the Village.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, we divide the Village into three kinds of activities:

- Governmental activities. Most of the Village's basic services are reported here, including the police, fire, general administration, streets, parks and recreation. Property taxes, fees, and state funds finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities. The Village charges a fee to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The Village's water, sewer, and sanitation systems are reported here.

• Component units. Although separate, the Downtown Development Authority and Port Authority (Harbor) are important because the Village is financially accountable for them. Separate financial statements are not issued for the component units; they are included in the financial statements as discrete columns.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Village's most significant funds; not the Village as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the Village uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes. Some funds are required by State law and/or by bond covenants. The Village Council establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and other revenues.

The Village has three kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds Most of the Village's basic services are reported in governmental funds (all funds except water, sewer, trash, and internal service), which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Village's general government operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the relationship (or difference) between governmental activities and governmental funds in reconciliation schedules (Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities) on pages 14 and 16.
- Proprietary Funds Proprietary Funds use the economic resources measurement focus, which is the same type used by private business. The Village maintains two types of proprietary funds.

Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Village uses enterprise funds to account for the activities of the water, sewer, and trash services.

Internal Service Funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate cost internally among the Village's various functions. The Village uses an internal service fund to account for the activities of its special equipment fund.

Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within the governmental activities in the government-wide statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary financial statements provide separate information for the water, sewer, and trash funds, which are considered major funds of the Village. The Village's Internal service fund is presented in the proprietary fund financial statements in the governmental activities – Internal Service Fund column.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties
outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial
statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Village's own
programs. The accounting used for the fiduciary fund is much like that used for proprietary funds.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE VILLAGE AS A WHOLE

Net Assets – Modified Cash Basis –

The Village's combined net assets are \$1,928,791. Our analysis below focuses on the net assets (Table 1) of the Village's governmental and business-type activities.

Table 1

Net Assets (Modified Cash Basis) of
Governmental and Business-type Activities

	Govern Activ		Busines Activ	• •	Total Government		
•	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	
Current and other assets	\$ 407,763	\$ 335,158	\$ 515,303	\$ 473,749	\$ 923,066	\$ 808,907	
Capital Assets – net	331,640	364,344	2,688,611	2,759,313	3,020,251	3,123,657	
Total Assets	739,403	699,502	3,203,914	3,233,062	3,943,317	3,932,564	
Long-term debt outstandin	g 67,345	7,331	1,922,548	1,996,206	1,989,893	2,003,537	
Other liabilities	-	-	236	236	236	236	
Total liabilities	67,345	7,331	1,922,784	1,996,442	1,990,129	2,003,773	
Net Assets: Invested in capital assets net of debt	331,640	364,344	766,063	763,107	1,097,703	1,127,451	
Restricted	-	-	476,073	537,143	476,073	537,143	
Unrestricted	340,418	327,827	38,994	(63,630)	379,412	264,197	
Total Net Assets	\$ 672,058	\$ 692,171	<u>\$ 1,281,130</u>	<u>\$ 1,236,620</u>	<u>\$ 1,953,188</u>	<u>\$ 1,928,791</u>	

Governmental Activities –

Governmental activities for the Village include four major activities: General Government, Public Safety, Public Works and Parks/Recreation. General government includes the Legislative, Administrative, and Clerk departments. Public safety includes the police and fire departments. Public works includes primarily the Department of Public Works and building and maintenance of the major and local roads. The Village Parks and Recreation department, South Ramp, and Bark Shanty Community Center comprise the Parks/Recreation activity.

The largest revenue for governmental activities is the general operating property tax.

State shared revenue was \$97,847 for 2005. The State of Michigan collects sales tax and redistributes a portion of these collections to local jurisdictions. State revenue sharing is a major source of revenue for the Village. It is somewhat volatile since it fluctuates with the economy and the legislature's appropriation.

To assist in maintenance and repair of the road system, the Village receives Michigan Transportation Fund money that accounted for \$51,716 listed under program revenues. This money varies from year to year based on state revenues at the gasoline pumps.

Table 2 below presents the cost of each of the Village programs; general government, public safety, public works and recreation and cultural, and each program's net cost. The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the Village's general fund (primary from property tax and State shared revenue) by each of these functions.

Table 2
Governmental Activities

	Total of Ser		Net C of Serv		
	2004	2005	2004	2005	
General Government	115,949	117,976	103,484	109,695	
Public Safety	134,976	170,140	76,457	114,186	
Public Works	171,912	193,402	108,333	135,886	
Recreation and Cultural	20,473	20,715	9,046	19,715	
Totals	\$ 443,310	\$ 502,233	\$ 297,320	\$ 379,482	

Business-type Activities

The Village has three business-type activities – water, sewer and trash. Revenues of these activities (see Table 3) decreased net assets by \$44,510.

Table 3

Changes in Net Assets of Business-type Activities

	2004	2005
Revenues –	¢ 210 202	¢ 242.029
Charges for Services	\$ 310,393	\$ 342,928
Other	66,522	68,111
Total Revenues	<u>376,915</u>	411,039
Expenses –		
Water, sewer, trash	264,590	430,549
Net operating income	112,325	(19,510)
Transfers	(27,101)	(25,000)
Increase in Net Assets	\$ 85,224	<u>\$(44,510)</u>

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE VILLAGE'S FUNDS

As the Village completed the year, its general governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet on page 13) reported a combined fund balance of \$264,806.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There were no amendments by the Village Council to the original budget passed in June 2005. Even though the budget is passed by the Village Council prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, all expenditures are reviewed and approved as they occur through out the year. During the budget process the Council discusses major projects proposed for the upcoming year.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of 2005, the Village had a book value of \$3,123,657 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including police, fire and DPW equipment, buildings, park facilities, roads, and water and sewer lines. Refer to Table 4 below for a schedule showing the Capital Assets at year ended June 30, 2005 for both the Governmental and the Business-type activities. There is also a total column for the Total Primary Government.

Table 4
Capital Assets at Year End
(Net of Depreciation)

	Govern Activ		Busines Activ		Total Primary Government		
	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	
Land and land improvements \$	12,000	\$ 12,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,000	\$ 12,000	
Construction in progress	-	-	1,947,454	-	1,947,454	-	
Buildings & Improvements	205,536	194,300	-	-	205,536	194,300	
Machinery & Equipment	49,205	53,185	9,827	8,041	59,032	61,226	
Vehicles	50,895	33,573	-	-	50,895	33,573	
Improvements other than buildings	14,004	13,286	-	-	14,004	13,286	
Streets	-	58,000	-	-	-	58,000	
Water & Sewer Systems _			731,330	2,751,272	731,330	2,751,272	
<u>\$</u>	331,640	\$ 364,344	\$ 2,688,611	\$ 2,759,313	\$ 3,020,251	\$ 3,123,657	

The major addition to capital assets was the water system improvement project, which had costs of \$1,943,147 in construction in progress as of June 30, 2004, and was completed in 2005 for an additional \$146,688, and street construction of \$58,000.

At year end the Village had a \$1,996,206 obligation to the State of Michigan through participation in the Drinking Water Revolving Fund through which the Department of Environmental Quality Bonds have been sold in the amount of \$2,135,000.

More detailed information about the Village's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 6 of Notes to Financial Statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The Village of Port Sanilac is primarily a resort community located in Sanilac County, Michigan. The Village is on Lake Huron and is in proximity to the Detroit metropolitan area with several major roadways, including Interstate Highway 94.

In fiscal year 2005, the general fund had a surplus of \$12,376. The current unreserved fund balance for the general fund is \$136,668. The \$136,668 represents approximately 38% of total expenditures of the General Fund for 2005. The Village relies heavily on property taxes and operated at the state-authorized tax rate limit after application of Proposal A and Headlee.

The Village has adopted a balanced budget for fiscal year 2006. The Village's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the 2006 budget, including tax rates and fees that will be charged for the Village's activities. The expenditures budgeted for the 2006 general fund increased \$366 from fiscal year 2005. The revenue from property taxes for the general fund was budgeted at \$173,718 or about the same as last year's collection. The uncertainty of the State Revenue Sharing appropriation decreased 17% from fiscal year 2005 levels, which is a concern for the Village.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and investors and creditors with a general overview of the Village's finances and to show the Village's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact James Matson, Village Treasurer, by mail at 46 N. Ridge Street, P.O. Box 328, Port Sanilac, MI 48469 or by phone at 810-622-9963.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2005

	Primary Government							
	Governmental			isiness Type			C	Component
	Activities		Activities			Total	Units	
ASSETS:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	252,186	\$	292,251	\$	544,437	\$	102,088
Investments		76,208		163,154		239,362		71,643
Due from state		17,029		-		17,029		
Internal balances		21,196	(21,196)		-		
Due from fiduciary funds		102		-		102		-
Due from component unit		7,977		-		7,977		-
Due from primary government		-		-		-		236
Advance from other funds	(39,540)		39,540		-		
Restricted Assets -								
Investments		-		-		-		50,000
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation))							
Assets not being depreciated		12,000		_		12,000		37,000
Assets being depreciated		352,344		2,759,313		3,111,657		686,851
Total Assets		699,502		3,233,062		3,932,564		947,818
LIABILITIES:								
Due to component units		_		236		236		_
Due to primary government		_		-		230		7,977
Due to other governmental units		_		_		_		4,900
Non-current liabilities								1,500
Due within one year		_		80,000		80,000		22,781
Due in more than one year		7,331		1,916,206		1,923,537		40,000
Total Liabilities		7,331		1,996,442		2,003,773		62,781
Total Liabilities		7,331		1,990,442		2,003,773		02,761
NET ASSETS:								
Investment in capital assets,								
net of related liabilities		364,344		763,107		1,127,451		663,851
Restricted								
Debt Service		-		65,416		65,416		-
Acquisition/construction of capital assets		-		471,727		471,727		-
Unrestricted		327,827	(63,630)		264,197		208,309
Total Net Assets	\$	692,171	\$	1,236,620	\$	1,928,791	\$	872,160

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

			Program Revenues						
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		
Primary Government									
Governmental activities:									
General Government	\$	117,976	\$	8,281	\$	_	\$	-	
Public Safety		170,140		40,853		15,101			
Public Works		193,402		5,800		51,716		-	
Recreation and Culture		20,715		1,000		-			
Total governmental activities		502,233		55,934		66,817			
Business type activities									
Water		238,187		216,637		-		-	
Sewer		112,620		49,233		-		-	
Trash		79,742		77,058		-		-	
Total business type activities		430,549		342,928		-		-	
Total Primary Government		932,782		398,862		66,817			
Component Units									
Downtown Development Authority		94,272		-		-		-	
Port Authority (Harbor)		439,055		384,251					
Total Component Units		533,327		384,251		_		-	

General revenues:

Property taxes - primary government

Property taxes - DDA

Grants and contribution not -

restricted to specific programs

Unrestricted investment income

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net assets

Net assets at beginning of year

Net assets at end of year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Assets

		Prin	nary Governmen	nt					
Go	vernmental	Βι	ısiness Type		_	Component			
A	Activities		Activities		Total	Units			
Activities									
\$(109,695)	\$	_	\$(109,695)	\$	_		
(114,186)		-	(114,186)		-		
Ì	135,886)		_	(135,886)		_		
(19,715)		-	Ì	19,715)		-		
(379,482)		-	(379,482)				
			_		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
	-	(21,550)	(21,550)		-		
	-	(63,387)	(63,387)		-		
	-	(2,684)	(2,684)		-		
	-	(87,621)	(87,621)		-		
(379,482)	(87,621)	(467,103)		-		
			· · · · · ·						
	-		-		-	(94,272)		
						(54,804)		
	=		-		-	(149,076)		
	268,904		63,789		332,693		-		
	-		-		-		70,617		
	97,847		-		97,847		22,482		
	7,844		4,322		12,166		1,125		
	25,000	(25,000)		_		-		
	399,595		43,111		442,706		94,224		
	20,113	(44,510)	(24,397)	(54,852)		
	672,058		1,281,130		1,953,188		927,012		
\$	692,171	\$	1,236,620	\$	1,928,791	\$	872,160		

BALANCE SHEET - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2005

				Other		
			1	Nonmajor		Total
				Governmental		vernmental
		General	Funds			Funds
ASSETS						
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	48,857	\$	137,201	\$	186,058
Investments		33,837		35,639		69,476
Due from state		8,663		8,366		17,029
Due from other funds		37,954		620		38,574
Due from component unit		7,977		-		7,977
		_				_
Total Assets	\$	137,288	\$	181,826	\$	319,114
Liabilities:						
Due to other funds	\$	620	\$	14,148	\$	14,768
Advance from other funds	-	-	Ť	39,540	-	39,540
Total Liabilities		620		53,688		54,308
Fund Balances:						
Unreserved -						
Undesignated -						
General Fund		136,668		_		136,668
Special Revenue Funds		130,000		128,138		128,138
Total Equity		136,668		128,138		264,806
Total Equity		130,000		120,130		204,000
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$	137,288	\$	181,826	\$	319,114

RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCES ON THE BALANCE SHEET FOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ON THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2005

Fund Balances - total governmental funds	\$	264,806
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Capital assets		898,036
Accumulated depreciation	(566,934)
Internal Service Fund used by management to charge cost of the City's motor pool activities. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the		
statement of net assets.		103,594
Long - term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Accrued compensated absences	(7,331)
Net Assets of governmental activities	\$	692,171

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	General		Go	Other Governmental Funds		Total overnmental Funds
Revenues:						-
Taxes	\$	180,489	\$	88,415	\$	268,904
Intergovernmental -						
State		97,847		51,716		149,563
Local		15,650		_		15,650
Charges for services		17,669		=		17,669
Fines and forfeits		3,512		_		3,512
Interest and rent		1,520		6,324		7,844
Other		29,865		4,339		34,204
Total Revenues		346,552		150,794		497,346
Expenditures:						
Current -						
General Government		116,439		-		116,439
Public Safety		152,669		_		152,669
Public Works		89,822		181,097		270,919
Recreation and Cultural		3,246		16,548		19,794
Total Expenditures		362,176		197,645		559,821
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(15,624)	(46,851)	(62,475)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in		28,000		-		28,000
Transfers out			(3,000)	(3,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		28,000	(3,000)		25,000
Excess of revenues and other sources over						
(under) expenditures and other uses		12,376	(49,851)	(37,475)
Fund Balances at beginning of year		134,292		230,029		364,321
Prior period adjustment	(10,000)	(52,040)	(62,040)
Fund Balance at beginning of year, restated		124,292		177,989		302,281
Fund Balances at end of year	\$	136,668	\$	128,138	\$	264,806

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2005

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$(37,475)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlay	,	74,092
Depreciation expense	(29,306)
Internal service funds used by management to charge costs of the City's motor pool activities. The net revenues (expenses) attributable to those funds is reported with governmental activities. Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the		14,828
use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds		
Increase in accrued compensated absences	_(2,026)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$	20,113

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2005

					Governmental
	Bus	iness Type Activi	ities-Enterprise F	unds	Activities
					Internal
					Service
	Water	Sewer	Trash	Total	Fund
ASSETS:					
Current Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 59,106	\$ 228,701	\$ 4,444	\$ 292,251	\$ 66,128
Investment	15,427	128,187	19,540	163,154	6,732
	74,533	356,888	23,984	455,405	72,860
Noncurrent Assets:					
Advance to other funds	-	39,540	-	39,540	-
Capital assets, net of accumulated					
depreciation	2,153,622	605,691	-	2,759,313	33,242
•	2,153,622	645,231	_	2,798,853	33,242
Total Assets	2,228,155	1,002,119	23,984	3,254,258	106,102
LIABILITIES:					
Current Liabilities:					
Due to other funds	242	20,954	-	21,196	2,508
Due to component unit	236	-	-	236	-
Bonds payable (current portion)	80,000	_	-	80,000	
	80,478	20,954		101,432	2,508
Long-Term Liabilities (less current portion):					
Bonds payable	1,916,206			1,916,206	
Total Liabilities	1,996,684	20,954		2,017,638	2,508
NET ASSETS:					
Investment in capital assets, net	157,416	605,691	-	763,107	33,242
Restricted for:					
Debt Service	65,416	-	-	65,416	-
Improvements	190,214	281,513	-	471,727	-
Unrestricted					
Undesignated	(181,575)	93,961	23,984	(63,630)	70,352
Total Net Assets	\$ 231,471	\$ 981,165	\$ 23,984	\$ 1,236,620	\$ 103,594

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

		В	usine	ss Type Acti	ivities	-Enterprise F	unds			vernmental Activities Internal
		W		C		T 1.		TD . 4 . 1		Service
Onanating Payanuage		Water		Sewer		Trash		Total		Funds
Operating Revenues: Charges for services -										
Quarterly fees	\$	49,883	\$	44,430	\$	77,058	\$	171,371	\$	
Tap-in fees	Ф	2,153	Ф	3,030	Ф	77,038	Ф	5,183	Ф	-
Equipment rental charges		2,133		3,030		-		3,163		44,864
Other		414		1,773		-		2,187		6,359
Other		52,450		49,233		77,058		178,741	-	51,223
On and in a Fermanaca	-	62,.66		.>,200		77,000		170,711	-	01,220
Operating Expenses: Personnel services -										
		24.161		10.071				27.022		2.752
Salaries and wages		24,161		12,871		-		37,032		2,752
FICA		1,848		985		-		2,833		211
Hospitalization		8,017		9,517		-		17,534		-
Other fringe benefits		17,580		10,404		-		27,984		363
Supplies		8,809		3,898		-		12,707		8,917
Other services and charges -		2 121		2 707		5 0.000		0.5.400		2.50
Contracted services		2,431		3,595		79,382		85,408		250
Utilities		12,509		5,914		-		18,423		_
Insurance		1,284		533		-		1,817		6,181
Repairs and maintenance		50,563		22,192		-		72,755		7,062
Equipment rental		5,999		5,149		-		11,148		-
Depreciation		49,548		26,438		-		75,986		10,599
Other		6,200		11,124		360		17,684		471
		188,949		112,620		79,742		381,311		36,806
Operating Income (Loss)	(136,499)	(63,387)	(2,684)	(202,570)		14,417
Non-Operating Revenues:										
Current property tax - improvements		-		63,789		-		63,789		-
Water improvement charges		43,883		-		-		43,883		-
DWRF debt charges		120,304		-		-		120,304		-
Interest earned		1,016		2,896		410		4,322		411
Interest expenses	(49,238)		-		_	(49,238)		_
		115,965		66,685		410		183,060		411
Net Income Before Transfers	(20,534)		3,298	(2,274)	(19,510)		14,828
Transfers:										
Transfers in (out)	(9,000)	(9,000)	(7,000)	(25,000)		-
								·	-	
Net Income (Loss)	(29,534)	(5,702)	(9,274)	(44,510)		14,828
Net Assets at beginning of year		261,005		986,867		33,258		1,281,130		88,766
Net Assets end of year	\$	231,471	\$	981,165	\$	23,984	\$	1,236,620	\$	103,594

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	Business Type Activities-Enterprise Funds							Governmental Activities Internal		
		Water		Sewer		Trash		Total		Service Funds
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:					_					
Cash receipts from customers	\$	52,450	\$	49,233	\$	77,058	\$	178,741	\$	-
Cash receipts from interfund services		-		-		-		-		51,223
Cash payments to suppliers	(115,240)	(73,311)	(79,742)	(268,293)	(23,455)
Cash payments to employees	(24,161)	(12,871)		-	(37,032)	(2,752)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(86,951)	(36,949)	(2,684)	(126,584)		25,016
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities	:									
Change in due from other funds		-		22,500		-		22,500		-
Change in due to other funds		-		7,064		-		7,064		-
Operating transfers out	(9,000)	(9,000)	(7,000)	(25,000)		-
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital										
Financing Activities	(9,000)		20,564	(7,000)		4,564		
Cash Flows From Capital and Related										
Financing Activities:										
Property taxes		-		63,789		-		63,789		-
Improvement charges		43,883		-		-		43,883		-
DWRF debt charges		120,304		-		-		120,304		-
Bond proceeds Gain on fixed assets		153,658						153,658		5,049
Principal payments	(80,000)		_		_	(80,000)		3,047
Interest payments	(49,238)		_		_	(49,238)		
Purchase of fixed assets	(146,690)		_		_	(146,690)	(3,565)
Net Cash Provided by Capital and Related					_			, ,	_	<u> </u>
Financing Activities		41,917		63,789		-		105,706		1,484
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:										
Interest earned		1,016		2,896		410		4,322		411
Net purchase of investments	(74)	(619)	(94)	(787)	(33)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		942		2,277		316		3,535		378
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash										
Equivalents for the year	(53,092)		49,681	(9,368)	(12,779)		26,878
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		112,198		179,020		13,812		305,030		39,250
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Tear		112,190	_	179,020		13,612		303,030		39,230
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	59,106	\$	228,701	\$	4,444	\$	292,251	\$	66,128
Reconciliation of Net Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activit	ies:									
Operating income (loss) for the year Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ (136,499)	\$(63,387)	\$(2,684)	\$(202,570)	\$	14,417
Depreciation		49,548		26,438		-		75,986		10,599
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	\$(86,951)	\$(36,949)	\$(2,684)	\$(126,584)	\$	25,016

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2005

		Agency Funds
ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$</u>	102
LIABILITIES: Due to other funds	\$	102



COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS JUNE 30, 2005

	Downtown Development Authority		Port Authority (Harbor)		Totals	
ASSETS		_	 _		_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	79,460	\$ 22,628	\$	102,088	
Investments		-	71,643		71,643	
Due from primary government		236	-		236	
Restricted Assets -						
Investments		-	50,000		50,000	
Capital Assets (net of accumulated						
depreciation) -						
Assets not being depreciated		-	37,000		37,000	
Assets being depreciated		-	686,851		686,851	
Total Assets		79,696	868,122		947,818	
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities						
Due to primary government		7,977	-		7,977	
Due to other governmental units		4,900	-		4,900	
Non-current liabilities						
Due within one year		-	22,781		22,781	
Due in more than one year			 40,000		40,000	
Total Liabilities		12,877	 62,781		75,658	
NET ASSETS						
Investments in Capital Assets,						
net of related liabilities		-	663,851		663,851	
Unrestricted		66,819	141,490		208,309	
Total net assets	\$	66,819	\$ 805,341	\$	872,160	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

				Progran	Revenues
Functions/Programs	<u>F</u>	Expenses	rges for	Gran	rating ts and butions
Downtown Development Authority					
Governmental activities:					
General Government	\$	94,272	\$ -	\$	-
Total Downtown Development Authority		94,272	 -		
Port Authority (Harbor)					
Business-Type activities:					
Public Safety		431,925	384,251		-
Interest on Long Term Liabilities		7,130	-		-
Total Port Authority (Harbor)		439,055	384,251		
Total Component Units	\$	533,327	\$ 384,251	\$	-

General Revenues:

Property taxes
Grants and contribution not restricted
to specific program
Unrestricted investment income

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net assets

Net assets at beginning of year

Net assets at end of year

}			e) Reve	enue and Chan	ge in Ne	Assets	
Capital		owntown		Port			
Grants and		velopment		Authority			
Contribution	A	uthority	((Harbor)	Total		
\$ -	\$(94,272)	\$	-	\$(94,272)	
	(94,272)		-	(94,272)	
-		-	(47,674)	(47,674)	
			(7,130)	(7,130)	
			(54,804)	(54,804)	
\$ -	\$(94,272)	<u>\$(</u>	54,804)	\$(149,076)	
		70,617		-		70,617	
		7,366		15,116		22,482	
		513		612		1,125	
		78,496		15,728	-	94,224	
	(15,776)	(39,076)	(54,852)	
		82,595		844,417		927,012	
	\$	66,819	\$	805,341	\$	872,160	

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2005

As discussed further in Note 1.C, these financial statements are presented on a modified cash basis of accounting. This modified basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. In the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements for the proprietary funds, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, have been applied, to the extent they are applicable to the modified cash basis of accounting, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case GASB prevails. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for these business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

A. Reporting Entity -

The Village of Port Sanilac is one of ten Villages in Sanilac County and is located within the boundaries of Sanilac Township. The Village operates under an elected Village Council which consists of a President and six Council members. The Village provides services to its residents in many areas including law enforcement, fire protection, water, sewer and recreation.

In accordance with the provisions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14 the reporting entity includes both the primary government and all of its "component units". The criteria established by GASB for determining the component units include oversight responsibility, fiscal dependency, and whether the financial statements would be misleading if data were not included.

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS - The component units in the financial statements include the financial data of the Village of Port Sanilac Downtown Development Authority (DDA) and the Port Authority (Harbor). They are reported as discrete columns to emphasize that they are legally separate from the Village.

The Downtown Development Authority operates with not less than eight or more than twelve members plus the Chief Executive Officer of the Village of Port Sanilac. Board members are appointed by the Village President, subject to the approval of the governing body of the Village. The Downtown Development Authority was created to develop the Downtown District.

The Port Authority (Harbor) operates with seven members appointed by the Village Council. The Port Authority (Harbor) has full charge of all matters connected with the operation, supervision and maintenance of the harbor and the public facilities therein. The Port Authority (Harbor) was created in the interest of public safety for the better protection of life and property on the waters of the harbor of Port Sanilac and for the proper development and utilization of the harbor for the public benefit.

Separate financial statements are not issued for the discretely presented component units. The following notes include the discretely presented component units with the DDA operations similar to a Special Revenue Fund and the Port Authority (Harbor) similar to an Enterprise Fund.

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (cont'd):

FISCAL YEAR ENDS – All of the Village Funds and Component Units operate and are reported on a June 30 year end with the exception of the Port Authority (Harbor) which operates and is reported as of December 31.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements –

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation –

Measurement Focus -

In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting, as defined in item b below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus, as applied to the modified cash basis of accounting, is used as appropriate

a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. The operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (cont'd):

b. All proprietary funds utilize an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net assets (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent, financial, or nonfinancial) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net assets.

Basis of Accounting -

In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities and the fund financial statements, governmental, business-like, and component unit activities are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting. This basis recognizes assets, liabilities, net assets/fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses when they result from cash transactions with a provision for depreciation in the government-wide statements, proprietary fund statements, and the similar discretely presented component unit statements. This basis is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements, except for State of Michigan Act 51 revenue which is accrued.

If the Village utilized the basis of accounting recognized as generally accepted, the fund financial statements for governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting, while the fund financial statements for proprietary fund types would use the accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financials would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

State shared revenue is all considered to be susceptible to accrual and therefore has been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The Village reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – is the Village's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Village reports the following major proprietary funds:

Sewer Fund – is used to account for the operations that provide sanitary sewer service to the Village residents.

Water Fund – is used to account for the operations that provide water to the Village residents.

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (cont'd):

Trash Fund – is used to account for the operations that provide trash collection services to the Village residents.

Additionally, the Village reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Fund – is used to account for the financing of services by one department to other departments of the Village.

Special Revenue Funds – are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenue and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary funds principal on-going operations. The principal operating revenues of the Enterprise Funds are charges to customers for sale, rent and services. Operating expenses for Enterprise Funds include costs of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use restricted resources first, the unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity -

Cash Equivalents and Investments -

Cash equivalents are short-term investments that are readily convertible to cash. Cash equivalents consist of savings accounts recorded at cost, which approximates fair value.

Investments consisting of certificates of deposit and investment trusts are carried at cost, which approximates fair value.

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (cont'd):

Interfund Receivables and Payables -

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Property Tax Levy -

Property taxes levied in July of the current year of the Village are treated as revenues in the current year.

Capital Assets -

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Capital assets of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Primary Government	Years
Building/improvements Utility Systems Road Systems/Other	5-20 years 50
Infrastructure	8-25
Equipment	3-20

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (cont'd):

Compensated Absences –

Village employees are granted paid time off in varying amounts based on length of service which is fully vested when earned. Village employees are granted disability time off which can be accumulated to 240 hours maximum per employee. Upon termination, employees are paid fifty percent of their accumulated disability pay. Vacation is not paid out upon termination. All vested disability is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

Long-Term Obligations –

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statements of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, if significant, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financial uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Equity -

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Estimates -

In preparing financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY:

Budgets –

Budgets are adopted on the modified cash basis. Annual appropriation budgets are adopted for the General and Special Revenue Funds.

The Village Treasurer and the Village Council Finance Committee prepare and submit their proposed operating budgets for the year commencing July 1. The budgets include proposed expenditures and resources to finance them.

Prior to July 1, the proposed budget is presented to the Village Council. The Council holds a public hearing and may add to, subtract from, or change appropriations. The budget is then legally enacted through the passage of a Resolution. After the budget is adopted, all amendments must be approved by the Village Council.

The Village's approved budgets were adopted at the activity level for the General Fund and at the function level (fund level) for the Special Revenue Funds. However, for control purposes all the budgets are maintained at the object (account) level.

The Village does not employ encumbrance accounting as an extension of formal budgetary integration. All annual appropriations lapse at year end.

Budget amounts are reported as originally adopted, or as amended by the Village Council, during the year.

Expenditures at these legally adopted levels in excess of the amount budgeted are a violation of the Budgeting Act. During the year ended June 30, 2005, the Village (primary government) incurred expenditures in the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds which were in excess of the amounts appropriated at the activity level for the General Fund and function (fund) level for the Special Revenue Funds as follows:

Fund Type/Function/Activity	<u>Fina</u>	Final Budget		Expended		Variance	
Primary Government –				-			
General Fund –							
Public Safety –							
Fire Department	\$	38,950	\$	59,713	\$	20,763	
Law Enforcement		75,966		92,956		16,990	
Special Revenue Funds –							
Major Street		38,700		55,596		16,896	
Local Street		70,387		96,231		25,844	
South Ramp		2700		3,095		395	

VILLAGE OF PORT SANILAC, MICHIGAN Sanilac County, Michigan

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY: - (cont'd):

Prior to June 30, the proposed budgets are presented to the Village Council. The Council holds a public hearing and may add to, subtract from, or change appropriations. The budget is then legally enacted through passage of a Village Council Resolution.

The approved budgets of the Village were adopted for the General and Special Revenue Funds at the function level. These are the enacted levels under the State of Michigan Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act and the legally adopted levels of the budget. State statutes do not require legally adopted budgets for debt service or capital projects funds.

Budgets are maintained throughout the year at the account level, to provide additional control in preventing over-expenditures at the legally adopted levels. Amendments at the function level for the General and Special Revenue Funds must be approved by the Village Council.

The Village does not employ encumbrance accounting as an extension of formal budgetary integration. All annual appropriations lapse at year end.

Budget amounts are reported as originally adopted and as final amended by the Village Council, during the year.

Undesignated Fund Balance Deficit -

The Bark Shanty Community Center Fund had an undesignated fund balance deficit of \$9,212 at June 30, 2005.

Unrestricted Net Assets Deficit -

The Water Fund had an unrestricted net assets deficit of \$181,575 at June 30, 2005.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS:

The carrying amount of the Village Reporting Entity's deposits and investments at June 30, 2005 is as follows:

	Primary Government			Fiduciary Fund		Component <u>Unit</u>		eporting Entity
Cash on Hand –								
Petty Cash	\$	150	\$		\$	150	\$	300
Deposits with Financial Institutions –								
Checking/Savings		550,263		102		101,938		652,303
Certificate of Deposit		233,386				46,624		280,010
		783,649		102		148,562		932,313
Investments –								
Investment Trust Funds		<u>-</u>				75,019		75,019
	\$ 31	783,799	<u>\$</u>	102	\$	223,731	<u>\$1</u>	,007,632

Sanilac County, Michigan

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – (cont'd):

The following is a summary of the financial statement presentation of Deposits and Investments at June 30, 2005:

,		Primary Government		Fiduciary Fund		Component Unit		eporting Entity
Reported as Cash and Cash Equivalents	s –							
Petty Cash	\$	150	\$	-	\$	150	\$	300
Cash in Checking/Savings		550,263		102		101,938		652,303
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents		550,413	_	102		102,088	_	652,603
Reported as Investment –								
Certificates of Deposit		233,386		-		46,624		280,010
Investment Trust Fund						75,019		75,019
Total Investments		233,386	_			121,643	_	355,029
	\$	783,799	\$	102	\$	223,731	<u>\$ 1</u>	,007,632

The Village's investment policy primary objectives are safety, liquidity, diversification and return on investment. The Village Treasurer is responsible for the investment program.

Custodial Credit Risk – is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposit or investments may not be returned. The Village's investment policy does not address credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk – is the risk that the market value of securities in the Village's portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest in market interest increases. The Village attempts to minimize interest rate risk by maintaining liquidity to meet all operating requirements without the need to sell securities prior to maturity in investing operating funds in a public investment pool.

Credit Risk – is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation, State laws and Village policy limit the types of investments the Village can purchase.

Concentration of Credit Risk – is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Village's investment as a single issuer. The Village's policy specifies that investments will be diversified by security type and institution in order that potential losses on individual securities do not exceed the income generated from the remainder of the portfolio.

Deposits –

Act 217 PA 1982, as amended, authorizes the Village to deposit in certificates of deposit, savings accounts, depository accounts or depository receipts of a state or nationally chartered bank or a state or federally chartered savings and loan association, savings bank or credit union whose deposits are insured by an agency of the United States government and which maintains principal office or branch office located in this State under the laws of this State or the United States, but only if the bank, savings and loan association, savings bank or credit union is eligible to be a depository of surplus funds belonging to the State under Section 5 or 6 of Act 105 of the Public Acts of 1855, as amended, by section 21.145 and 21,146 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

VILLAGE OF PORT SANILAC, MICHIGAN Sanilac County, Michigan

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – (cont'd):

Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) regulations provide that deposits of governmental units are to be separately insured for the amount of \$100,000 for deposits in an insured bank for savings deposits and \$100,000 for demand deposits. Furthermore, if specific deposits are regulated by statute or bond indenture, these specific deposits are to be separately insured for the amount of \$100,000.

As of June 30, 2005, the carrying amount of the Village deposits is \$932,313, and the bank balance is \$951,357. Of the bank balance, \$371,972 is covered by Federal Depository Insurance, with the remaining \$579,385 exposed to credit risk.

Investments -

Michigan Public Act 20 of 1994, as amended, authorizes the Village to invest surplus funds in bonds, securities and other direct obligations of the United States government or an agency or instrumentality of the United States; certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts or depository receipts of a financial institution only if the bank, savings and loan association or credit union is eligible to be a depository of funds belonging to the State; bankers' acceptances of the United States banks; commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the highest classification established by not less than two standard rating services, which mature not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; mutual funds registered under the investment company Act of 1940, with the authority to purchase only investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by a public corporation; investment pools through an interlocal agreement under the Urban Cooperation Act of 1967, investment pools organized under the surplus funds investment pool act, 1982 PA 3657, 129.111 to 129.118.

As of December 31, 2004, the Village component unit (Harbor) had \$95,019 invested in the Exchange State Bank, an external investment pool. The fund was established to mainly invest in government securities. The fund complies with all the requirements of Act 20 of 1994, as amended.

The certificates of deposit and investment trust funds have been reported in the financial statements as investments even though several certificates of deposits do not have a maturity of more than 90 days from date of purchase and the investment trust funds have characteristics of demand deposit accounts in that the Village may deposit additional cash at any time and effectively may withdraw cash at any time without prior notice or penalty. The reason for reporting these as investments is that it is the intent of the Village to reinvest the funds and not make regular withdrawals since the funds are part of the Village's pooled investment program.

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS:

Interfund receivable and payable balances described as Due From and Due To Other Funds on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities Arising from Cash Transactions reflect amounts due from or owed to a particular fund by another fund of the Primary Government. Interfund receivable and payable balances described as Due From or Due To Primary Government or Component Units reflect amounts due from or due to either the Primary Government or Component Units. These amounts include only short-term obligations on open accounts, and not current portions of long-term loans. The composite of interfund balance at June 30, 2005 is as follows:

	Receivable	Payable
<u>Due To/From Other Funds</u> :		
General Fund:		
Agency Fund -		_
Current Tax Fund	\$ 102	\$ -
Enterprise Fund -		
Water Fund	242	-
Sewer Fund	20,954	-
Special Revenue Funds –		
Local Street	7,238	-
Bark Shanty Community Center	6,910	620
Internal Service Fund -		
Equipment Fund	2,508	<u>-</u>
• •	37,954	620
Enterprise Fund:		
Water Fund -		
General Fund	-	242
Sewer Fund –		
General Fund	-	20,954
		21,196
Internal Service Fund:		
Equipment Fund -		
General Fund	-	2,508
General I und		2,300
Agency Fund:		
Current Tax Fund -		
General Fund		102
General I und		102
Special Revenue Fund:		
Bark Shanty Community Center -		
General Fund	620	6,910
Local Street -	020	0,910
General Fund		7 220
General Fund	620	7,238 14,148
	620	14,146
T-4-1 D.:	¢ 29.574	¢ 20.574
Total Primary Government	<u>\$ 38,574</u>	<u>\$ 38,574</u>
Advances From/To Other Funds Sewer Fund	20.540	
	39,540	-
General Fund (Parks)	-	10,000
Special Revenue Funds	-	29,540
Bark Shanty Community Center	_	
	.	
	\$ 39,540	<u>\$ 39,540</u>
Due to Component Unit:		
Water Fund -		
DDA	-	236
General Fund	7,977	-
- 34 -		

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS **JUNE 30, 2005**

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLE AND PAYABLE BALANCES - (cont'd):

	Receivable	Payable
Due From Primary Government:		
DDA -		
Water Fund	236	-
General Fund	_	7,977
Total Reporting Entities	\$ 8,213	\$ 8,213

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2005 were as follows:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	Amount
General Fund	Water Fund	\$ 9,000
General Fund	Sewer Fund	9,000
General Fund	Trash Fund	7,000
General Fund	Major Street Fund	1,500
General Fund	Local Street Fund	1,500
		\$ 28,000

In the General Fund there is a due to and a due from to the Bark Shanty Community Center. This is a result of the Recreation owing the Bark Shanty Community Center \$620, and the Bark Shanty Community Center owing law enforcement \$4,580. Therefore, there is a due to/due from also in the Bark Shanty Fund for these amounts.

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS:

Primary Government

Capital asset activity of the primary government for the year ended June 30, 2005 was as follows:

	July 1, 2004 Balance	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2005 Balance	
Governmental activities:			· <u>-</u>		
Capital assets, not being depreciated					
Land	\$ 12,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,000	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	12,000			12,000	
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	530,968	-	-	530,968	
Improvement other than buildings	14,363	_	-	14,363	
Machinery and equipment	154,100	16,092	1,296	168,896	
Vehicles	266,887	-	-	266,887	
Streets	-	58,000	-	58,000	
Total capital assets being depreciated	966,318	74,092	1,296	1,039,114	
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements	325,432	11,236	-	336668	
Improvements other than buildings	359	718	-	1,077	
Machinery and equipment	104,895	10,629	(187)	115,711	
Vehicles	215,992	17,322	_	233,314	
Total accumulated depreciation	646,678	39,905	(187)	686,770	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	319,640	34,187	(1,483)	352,344	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 331,640 - 35 -	<u>\$ 34,187</u>	<u>\$(1,483</u>)	<u>\$ 364,344</u>	

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS – (cont'd):

	July 1, 2004 Balance	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2005 Balance
Business Type Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Construction in progress	<u>\$ 1,947,454</u>	\$	\$1,947,454	<u>\$</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Utility Systems	1,455,272	2,094,142	_	3,549,414
Machinery and equipment	17,171			<u>17,171</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated	1,472,443	2,094,142		3,566,585
Less accumulated depreciation for: Utility Systems Machinery and equipment Total accumulated depreciation	723,942 	74,200 1,786 75,986	- 	798,142 9,130 807,272
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	741,157	2,018,156		2,759,313
Business activities capital assets, net	\$ 2,688,611	<u>\$2,018,156</u>	<u>\$ 1,947,454</u>	\$ 2,759,313

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	4,827
Public Safety		18,271
Public Works		15,178
Recreation and Cultural		1,629
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	39,905
Business-type activities:		
Sewer	\$	26,438
Water		49,548
Total depreciation expense-business-type activities	<u>\$</u>	75,986

Discretely Presented Component Units

Port Authority – **Harbor.** Activity for the Port Authority for the year ended December 31, 2004, was as follows:

	Beginning		Ending		
	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 37,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 37,000	
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Land and building improvements	22,062	-	-	22,062	
Harbor	1,101,912	-	-	1,101,912	
Equipment	50,617		188	50,429	
	1,174,591	<u>-</u>	188	1,174,403	

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (cont'd):

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land and building improvements	7,723	1,561	-	9,284
Harbor	406,056	33,510	-	439,566
Equipment	32,514	6,188		38,702
	446,293	41,259		487,552
Net capital assets being depreciated	728,298	(<u>41,259</u>)	(188)	686,851
Total capital assets, net	<u>\$ 765,298</u>	<u>\$(41,259</u>)	<u>\$(188</u>)	<u>\$ 723,851</u>

Depreciation expense for 2005 was \$41,249.

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES:

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT -

The following is a summary of changes in the long-term debt (including current portions) of the Primary Government for the year ended June 30, 2005:

	Balance July 1, 2004	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2005	Due Within One Year	
Governmental Activities:						
Governmental Funds -						
Accrued sick and disability	\$ 5,305	\$ 2,026	\$ -	\$ 7,331	\$ -	
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 5,305	<u>\$ 2,026</u>	\$ -	<u>\$ 7,331</u>	<u>\$</u>	
Business-type Activities:						
2003 Drinking Water Revolving Fund	\$ 1,922,548	<u>\$ 153,658</u>	\$ 80,000	\$ 1,996,206	\$ 80,000	
Total Business-Type Activities	1,922,548	153,658	80,000	1,996,206	80,000	
	\$ 1,927,853	\$ 155,684	\$ 80,000	\$ 2,000,537	\$ 80,000	

Primary Government -

Significant details regarding outstanding long-term liabilities (including current portion) of the primary government are presented below:

Accrued Employee Sick and Disability Pay represents unpaid sick and disability due the employees of the Village upon termination of employment. As of June 30, 2005, the amount to be provided for accrued sick and disability pay was \$7,331.

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES – (cont'd):

In order to finance the cost of improvements, the Village of Port Sanilac has participated in the Drinking Water Revolving Fund through which Department of Environmental Quality Bonds have been sold in the amount of \$2,135,000. Through this revolving fund the Village draws down cash as the capital project costs were required to be paid. The total cash drawn down as of June 30, 2005 was \$2,076,206 with a balance due of \$1,996,206.

Interest on the bonds shall accrue on the principal disbursed by the Drinking Water Revolving Fund to the Village from the date the principal is disbursed until paid, at the rate of 2.5% per annum, payable semi-annually. Principal payments began April 1, 2005 with amounts of \$80,000-\$135,000 due annually until April 1, 2024.

The annual requirements to pay the debt principal and interest outstanding on the Drinking Water Evolvement Fund are:

Year Ending			
<u>June 30,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total
2006	\$ 80,000	\$ 49,113	\$ 129,113
2007	85,000	47,905	132,905
2008	85,000	45,780	130,780
2009	85,000	43,655	128,655
2010	90,000	41,530	131,530
2011-2015	480,000	173,026	653,026
2016-2020	575,000	108,526	683,526
2021-2024	516,206	32,495	548,701
	<u>\$ 1,996,206</u>	\$ 542,030	\$ 2,538,236

Component Unit -

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities (including current portions) of the component unit for the year ended December 31, 2004:

	Balance January 1,							lance mber 31,	Due Within	
	2	2004	Addit	ions	Red	luctions	2	2004	On	e Year
Port Authority (Harbor): 1992 Marina Facility Revenue Bonds Accrued sick & disability	\$	80,000 2,778	\$	- -	\$	20,000 827	\$	60,000 1,951	\$	20,000
	\$	82,778	\$		\$	20,827	\$	61,951	\$	20,000

Significant details regarding outstanding long-term liabilities of the component unit Port Authority (Harbor) and Downtown Development Authority are presented below:

Accrued Employee Sick and Disability pay represents unpaid sick and disability due the employees of the Harbor upon termination of employment. As of December 31, 2004 the amount to be provided for accrued sick and disability pay was \$1,951.

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - (cont'd):

On October 13, 1992, the Village of Port Sanilac issued \$225,000 in Marina Facility Revenue Bonds to finance the cost of improving and enlarging the public marina facility located in Port Sanilac Harbor.

The bonds payable at year end of \$60,000, are due in annual installments of \$20,000, with interest of 6.75% to 6.80%, payable semi-annually.

Bonds or portions of bonds in multiples of \$5,000 maturing in the years 2005 through 2007, shall be subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the Village, on any interest date at par value and accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption.

The annual requirements to pay the debt principal and interest outstanding on the Marina facility revenue bonds are as follows:

Year Ending			
December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2005	20,000	4,070	24,070
2006	20,000	2,720	22,720
2007	20,000	1,360	21,360
	\$ 60.000	\$ 8.150	\$ 68.150

NOTE 7 - DESIGNATED FUND BALANCE:

The Designated Fund Balance in the General Fund represents amounts designated by the Village Council to be expended for the following General Fund activities:

Activity	Amount	
Law Enforcement	\$ 15,77	3
Fire Operating	3,49	9
Fire Truck	114,23	0
Fire Fighters	8,83	9
Department of Public Works	(54,70	(3)
Recreation	(3,76	<u>(0</u>)
	\$ 83,87	<u>′8</u>

NOTE 8 – RESTRICTED NET ASSETS:

Primary Government – Business-Type Activities -		
Sewer Water DWRF Debt charges	Property taxes for improvements Improvement charges	\$ 281,573 190,214 65,416
		\$ 537,203

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN:

Plan Description -

The Village of Port Sanilac participates in the Michigan Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS); an agent multiple-employer state-wide, public employee defined benefit pension plan created under Public Act 135 of 1945, and now operates under Public Act 220 of 1996, and the MERS Plan Document as revised. MERS was established to provide retirement, survivor and disability benefits on a voluntary basis to the State of Michigan's local government employees. Act No. 427 of the Public Acts of 1984, as amended, establishes and amends the benefit provisions of the participants in MERS. The Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Michigan issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for MERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Municipal Employees Retirement System of Michigan, 447 N. Canal Road, Lansing, Michigan 48917 or by calling (800) 767-6377.

Funding Policy -

The Village is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The computed employer contribution rate for 2005 ranged from 14.25% to 25.57%. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Village are established and may be amended by the Village Council, depending on the MERS contribution program adopted by the Village.

Annual Pension Costs -

For the year ended June 30, 2005, the Village's annual pension cost of \$27,542 for MERS was equal to the Village's required and actual contributions. The required contribution was determined as part of the December 31, 2002 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions include (a) a rate of return on the investment of present and future assets of 8% per year, (b) projected salary increases of 4.5% plus a percentage based on an age-related scale to reflect merit, longevity and promotional salary increases, ranging from 0% to 8.66% per year, and (c) the assumption that benefits will increase 2.5% per year (annually) after retirement, for persons under Benefit B-4. The actuarial value of MERS assets was determined using techniques on a basis of evaluation method that assumes the funds earn the expected rate of return (8%) and includes as an adjustment to reflect market value. Unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities are amortized as a level percent of payroll over a period of 30 years for positive unfunded liabilities and 10 years for negative unfunded liabilities.

Three-Year Trend Information

		Percentage		
Fiscal Period	Annual Pension	of APC	Net Pen	sion
Ending	Costs (APC)	Contribution	Obligat	ion
June 30, 2003	\$ 23,678	100%	\$	-
June 30, 2004	33,904	100		-
June 30, 2005	27,542	100		-

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2005

NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN - (cont'd):

Schedule of Funding Progress

					U	nfunded			
	A	ctuarial	A	ctuarial	(O	verfunded)			UAAL
Valuation	V	alue of	Accr	ued Liability	Accr	ued Liability	Funded Ratio	Covered	as a % of
Date	of	Assets	(AA	L) Entry Age	((UAAL)	(AAL)	Payroll	Covered Payroll
December 31,		(a)		(b)	(b-a)		(a/b)	(c)	(b-a)(c)
2002	\$	164,254	\$	421,978	\$	257,724	39%	\$ 138,001	187%
2003		201,768		488,092		286,324	41	169,092	169
2004		245,787		550,862		305,075	45	182,658	167

NOTE 10 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION:

The Village offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

A trust, custodial account or annuity contract exists. Assets are owned or held by the trust, custodian or insurer for the exclusive benefit of participants and beneficiaries, and are not subject to the claims of public employer creditors, nor can they be used by the public employer for any purpose other than the payment of benefits to those individuals participating in the plan or their designated beneficiaries.

As part of its fiduciary role, the Village has an obligation of due care in selecting the third party administrator. The Village believes it has acted in a prudent manner and is not liable for losses that may arise from the administration of the plan.

NOTE 11 – PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT:

Prior to the current year, the Village did not record an advance payable owed to the sewer fund on the General and Bark Shanty Community Center Funds Balance Sheet. During 2004/05, the amount was recorded, which resulted in a prior period adjustment of the beginning fund balance of \$10,000 for the General Fund (Recreation) and \$52,040 for the Bark Shanty Community Center Fund.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

		Bu	dget					Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original	Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Property taxes	\$	172,619	\$	172,619	\$	180,489	\$	7,870
Intergovernmental -								
State		60,000		60,000		97,847		37,847
Local		13,750		13,750		15,650		1,900
Charges for services		15,600		15,600		17,669		2,069
Fines and forfeits		1,000		1,000		3,512		2,512
Interest and rents		2,200		2,200		1,520	(680)
Other		15,100		15,100		29,865		14,765
Total Revenues		280,269		280,269		346,552		66,283
Expenditures:								
Current -								
General Government		141,000		141,000		116,439		24,561
Public Safety		114,916		114,916		152,669	(37,753)
Public Works		102,319		102,319		89,822	`	12,497
Recreation and Culture		3,600		3,600		3,246		354
Total Expenditures		361,835		361,835		362,176	(341)
Excess of revenues under expenditures	(81,566)	(81,566)	(15,624)		65,942
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in		78,566		78,566		28,000	(50,566)
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures	(3,000)	(3,000)		12,376		15,376
Fund Balance at beginning of year		134,292		134,292		134,292		-
Prior period adjustments	(10,000)		10,000)	(10,000)		
Fund Balance at beginning of year, restated		124,292		124,292		124,292		
Fund Balance at end of year		121,292		121,292		136,668	_	15,376

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

Intergovernmental - State 60,000 60,000 97,847 37 Local 13,750 13,750 15,650 1 Charges for services 15,600 15,600 17,669 2 Fines and forfeits 1,000 1,000 3,512 2 Interest and rents 2,200 2,200 1,520 (Other 15,100 15,100 29,865 14	rith get
Revenues: Property taxes \$ 172,619 \$ 180,489 \$ 7 Intergovernmental - \$ 52 \$ 172,619 \$ 180,489 \$ 7 State 60,000 60,000 97,847 37 Local 13,750 13,750 15,650 15 Charges for services 15,600 15,600 17,669 2 Fines and forfeits 1,000 1,000 3,512 2 Interest and rents 2,200 2,200 1,520 (Other 15,100 15,100 29,865 14 280,269 280,269 346,552 66	
Property taxes \$ 172,619 \$ 172,619 \$ 180,489 \$ 7 Intergovernmental - \$ 60,000 60,000 97,847 37 Local 13,750 13,750 15,650 1 Charges for services 15,600 15,600 17,669 2 Fines and forfeits 1,000 1,000 3,512 2 Interest and rents 2,200 2,200 1,520 (Other 15,100 15,100 29,865 14 280,269 280,269 346,552 66	<u>) </u>
Intergovernmental - State 60,000 60,000 97,847 37 Local 13,750 13,750 15,650 1 Charges for services 15,600 15,600 17,669 2 Fines and forfeits 1,000 1,000 3,512 2 Interest and rents 2,200 2,200 1,520 (Other 15,100 15,100 29,865 14 280,269 280,269 346,552 66	7,870
State 60,000 60,000 97,847 37 Local 13,750 13,750 15,650 1 Charges for services 15,600 15,600 17,669 2 Fines and forfeits 1,000 1,000 3,512 2 Interest and rents 2,200 2,200 1,520 (Other 15,100 15,100 29,865 14 280,269 280,269 346,552 66	,0.0
Local 13,750 13,750 15,650 1 Charges for services 15,600 15,600 17,669 2 Fines and forfeits 1,000 1,000 3,512 2 Interest and rents 2,200 2,200 1,520 (Other 15,100 15,100 29,865 14 280,269 280,269 346,552 66	7,847
Charges for services 15,600 15,600 17,669 2 Fines and forfeits 1,000 1,000 3,512 2 Interest and rents 2,200 2,200 1,520 (Other 15,100 15,100 29,865 14 280,269 280,269 346,552 66	,900
Fines and forfeits 1,000 1,000 3,512 2 Interest and rents 2,200 2,200 1,520 (Other 15,100 15,100 29,865 14 280,269 280,269 346,552 66	2,069
Other 15,100 15,100 29,865 12 280,269 280,269 346,552 66	2,512
280,269 280,269 346,552 66	680)
	1,765
Expenditures:	5,283
•),359
Less: Reimbursement from other funds (68,000) (68,000) (72,202)	1,202
Total General Government 141,000 141,000 116,439 24	1,561
Public Safety -	
·),763)
	5,990)
	7,753)
Public Works -	
Department of public works 102,319 102,319 89,822 12	2,497
Recreational and Cultural-	
Parks and recreation 3,600 3,600 3,246	354
Total Expenditures 361,835 361,835 362,176	(341)
Excess of revenues under expenditures (81,566) (81,566) (15,624) 65	5,942
Other Financing Sources:	
Transfers in 78,566 78,566 28,000 (50),566)
Excess of revenues and other financing	
over (under) expenditures (3,000) (3,000) 12,376 15	5,376
Fund Balance at beginning of year 134,292 134,292 134,292	
Prior Period Adjustment (10,000) (10,000) (10,000)	
Fund Balance at beginning of year, restated 124,292 124,292 124,292	
Fund Balance at end of year \$ 121,292 \$ 121,292 \$ 136,668 \$ 15	5,376

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - MODIFIED CASH BASIS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2005

	Special Revenue Funds									Total		
										Bark Shanty		Ionmajor
		Major		Local		County		South	Co	mmunity	Go	vernmental
		Street		Street		Road		Ramp	Center		Funds	
ASSETS												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,350	\$	625	\$	87,070	\$	7,538	\$	36,618	\$	137,201
Investments	·	17,955	·	10,756	·	-		6,928		-		35,639
Due from state		5,341		3,025		_		-		_		8,366
Due from other funds										620		620
Total Assets	\$	28,646	\$	14,406	\$	87,070	\$	14,466	\$	37,238	\$	181,826
LIABILITIES AND FUN	D BA	ALANCE										
Liabilities:												
Due to other funds	\$	-	\$	7,238	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,910	\$	14,148
Advance from other funds										39,540		39,540
Total Liabilities				7,238						46,450		53,688
Fund Balance: Unreserved -												
Undesignated		28,646		7,168		87,070		14,466	(9,212)		128,138
	\$	28,646	\$	14,406	\$	87,070	\$	14,466	\$	37,238	\$	181,826

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	Special Revenue Funds								Total			
		Major Street		Local Street		County Road		South Ramp	Co	k Shanty ommunity Center		Nonmajor vernmental Funds
Revenues:												
Taxes	\$	-	\$	22,449	\$	42,450	\$	2,483	\$	21,033	\$	88,415
Intergovernmental -												
State Highway Act 51		33,018		18,698		-		-		-		51,716
Interest and rent		553		634				102		5,035		6,324
Other		69		70		4,200						4,339
Total Revenues		33,640		41,851		46,650		2,585		26,068		150,794
Expenditures: Current -												
Public Works		55,596		96,231		29,270		_		_		181,097
Recreation and Cultural		-		-		-		3,095		13,453		16,548
Total Expenditures		55,596		96,231		29,270		3,095		13,453		197,645
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(21,956)	(54,380)		17,380	(510)		12,615	(46,851)
Other Financing (Uses): Transfers out	(1,500)	(1,500)							(3,000)
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures and other uses	(23,456)	(55,880)		17,380	(510)		12,615	(49,851)
Fund Balances at beginning of year		52,102		63,048		69,690		14,976		30,213		230,029
Prior period adjustment		_		-					(52,040)	(52,040)
Fund Balances at beginning of year restated		52,102		63,048		69,690		14,976	(21,827)		177,989
Fund Balances at end of year	\$	28,646	\$	7,168	\$	87,070	\$	14,466	\$(9,212)	\$	128,138

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE MODIFIED CASH BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - MAJOR STREET FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

		Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental -						
State Highway Act 51	\$	32,000	\$	33,018	\$	1,018
Interest		700		553	(147)
Miscellaneous		-		69		69
		32,700		33,640		871
Expenditures: Public Works -						
Salaries		9,000		7,417		1,583
FICA		600		568		32
Hospitalization		5,000		8,017	(3,017)
Other fringe benefits		6,800		7,545	Ì	745)
Supplies		1,500		4,570	(3,070)
Legal and professional		500		400		100
Insurance and bonds		500		329		171
Repairs and maintenance		3,000		18,326	(15,326)
Equipment rental		5,000		8,414	(3,414)
Miscellaneous		6,300		10		6,290
		38,200		55,596	(17,396)
Excess of revenues under expenditures	(5,500)	(21,956)		16,525)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in		8,500		-	(8,500)
Transfers out	(2,500)	(1,500)		1,000
		6,000	(1,500)	(7,500)
Excess of revenues an other sources over (under)						
expenditures and other uses		500	(23,456)	(24,025)
Fund Balance at beginning of year		52,102		52,102		
Fund Balance at end of year	\$	52,602	\$	28,646	\$(24,025)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE MODIFIED CASH BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - LOCAL STREET FUND FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	<u>;</u>	Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:							
Property taxes	\$	25,887	\$	22,449	\$(3,438)	
Intergovernmental -							
State Highway Act 51		17,500		18,698		1,198	
Interest		500		634		134	
Other		-		70		70	
		43,887		41,851	(2,036)	
Expenditures:							
Public Works -							
Salaries		10,000		5,594		4,406	
FICA		600		428		172	
Hospitalization		5,000		8,017	(3,017)	
Other fringe benefits		6,900		7,486	(586)	
Supplies		1,000		4,473	(3,473)	
Legal and professional		500		400		100	
Insurance and bonds		500		391		109	
Repairs and maintenance		20,000		3,810		16,190	
Construction		-		58,000	(58,000)	
Equipment rental		7,000		7,622	(622)	
Miscellaneous		18,887		10		18,877	
		70,387		96,231	(25,844)	
Excess of revenues under expenditures	(26,500)	(54,380)	(27,880)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in		28,000		-	(28,000)	
Transfers out	(1,500)	(1,500)			
		26,500	(1,500)	(28,000)	
Excess of revenues an other sources over (under)		_			'		
expenditures and other uses		-	(55,880)	(55,880)	
Fund Balance at beginning of year		63,048		63,048			
Fund Balance at end of year	\$	63,048	\$	7,168	\$(55,880)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE MODIFIED CASH BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - COUNTY ROAD FUND FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

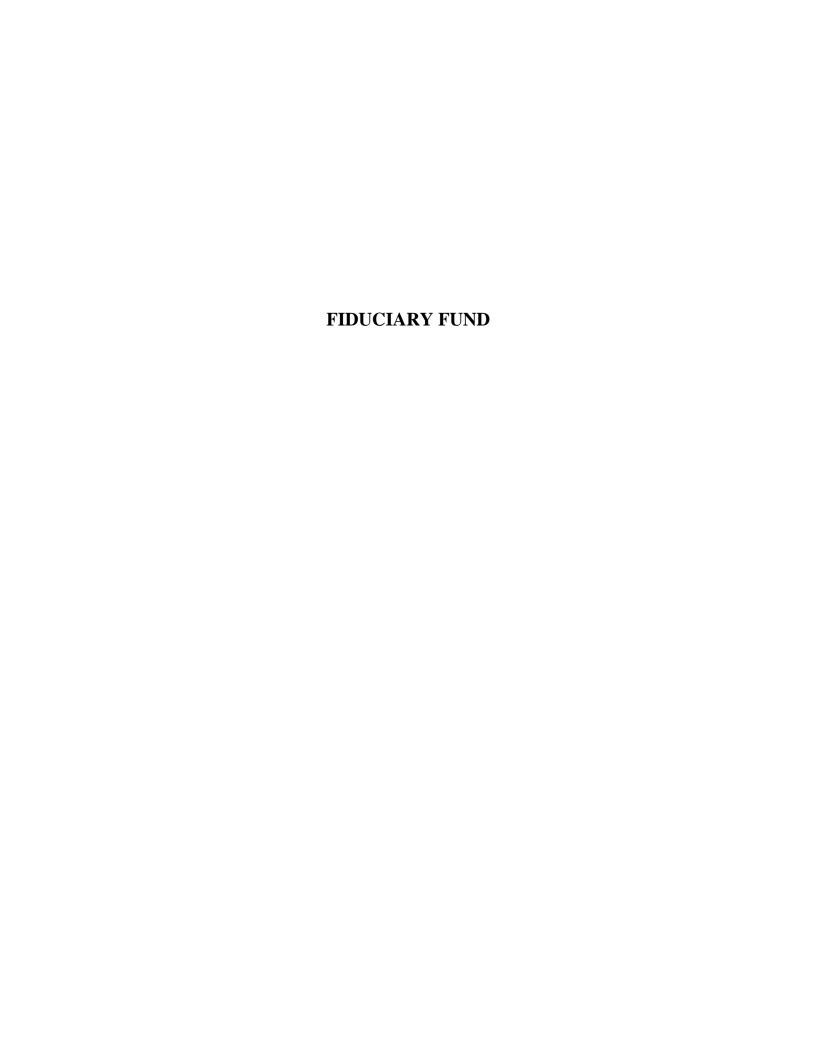
Revenues:	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Intergovernmental -			
Local County Millage	\$ 36,500	\$ 42,450	\$ 5,950
Miscellaneous		4,200	4,200
	36,500	46,650	5,950
Expenditures:			
Public Works -	26 500	12 429	24.062
Repairs and maintenance	36,500	12,438 690	24,062 (690)
Supplies Contracted services	-	50	(50)
Capital outlay	-	16,092	(16,092)
Capital outlay	36,500	29,270	7,230
			7,200
Excess of revenues over expenditures		17,380	13,180
Other Financing Uses:			
Transfers out	36,500		(36,500)
Excess of revenues and other financing			
sources over expenditures	36,500	17,380	(23,320)
Fund Balance at beginning of year	69,690	69,690	
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 106,190	\$ 87,070	\$(23,320)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE MODIFIED CASH BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SOUTH RAMP FUND FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

						ance with I Budget
	Final				Positive (Negative)	
	Budget		Actual			
Revenues:						
Franchise fees	\$	2,700	\$	2,483	\$(217)
Interest		-		102		102
		2,700		2,585	(115)
Expenditures:						
Recreation and Cultural -						
Repairs and maintenance		1,400		-		1,400
Contracted Services		-		50	(50)
Miscellaneous		1,300		3,045	Ì	1,745)
		2,700		3,095	(395)
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		-	(510)	(510)
Fund Balance at beginning of year		14,976		14,976		
Fund Balance at end of year	\$	14,976	\$	14,466	\$(510)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE MODIFIED CASH BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BARK SHANTY COMMUNITY CENTER FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:	ф	24.250	Ф	21.022	Φ.	2.22()
Taxes	\$	24,259	\$	21,033	\$(3,226)
Interest		100 4,500		- 5.025		(100) 535
Rentals				5,035		
		28,859	1	26,068		(2,791)
Expenditures:						
Recreation and Cultural -						
Salaries		3,500		2,824		676
FICA		-		216	(216)
Supplies		900		450		450
Contracted services		-		225	(225)
Utilities		5,500		6,764	(1,264)
Repairs and maintenance		1,200		761		439
Equipment rental		2,500		2,142		358
Miscellaneous		15,259		71		15,188
		28,859		13,453		15,406
Excess of revenues over expenditures				12,615		12,615
Fund Balance at beginning of year		30,213		30,213		-
Prior Period Adjustment	(52,040)	(52,040)		
Fund Balance at beginning of year, restated	(21,827)	(21,827)		
Fund Balance at end of year	\$(21,827)	\$(9,212)	\$	12,615



STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES CURRENT TAX COLLECTION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

	Balance July 1, 2004		Additions		Reductions		Balance June 30, 2005	
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	102	\$	335,782	\$	335,782	\$	102
Total Assets	\$	102	\$	335,782	\$	335,782	\$	102
Liabilities:								
Due to other funds		102		295,879		295,879		102
Due to component units				39,903		39,903		<u> </u>
Total Liabilities	\$	102	\$	335,782	\$	335,782	\$	102



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND CONSULTANTS



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the President and Members Of the Village Council Village of Port Sanilac, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Port Sanilac, Michigan, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon, dated September 23, 2005. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

The Village of Port Sanilac, Michigan, prepares its financial statements on a modified cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Village of Port Sanilac, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the basic financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the Village of Port Sanilac, Michigan's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. The reportable conditions are described as follows:

Controls over Utility Billings and Receivables

At the current time, the same individual inputs meter readings, mails out billings, collects cash receipts and credits customer accounts. We understand that in small offices it is very difficult to separate accounting functions.

We recommend that the duties be segregated as much as possible to improve controls.

Controls over Cash Accounts

At the current time cash is maintained by individuals separate from the Village offices for the DDA and Volunteer Firefighters fund along with the receipt and disbursement records. As a result, the internal control of having an individual perform bank reconciliations that does not also perform the duties of preparing the financial records is not in place.

We recommend that it be considered to have the bank reconciliations performed by someone in the Village office to allow for increased controls.

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level, the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe that none of the reportable conditions described above is a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable insurance about whether the Village of Port Sanilac, Michigan's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the Village of Port Sanilac in a separate letter dated September 23, 2005.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the management and the Village Council of Port Sanilac, Michigan, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Certified Public Accountants

Stewart, Beauvant Whippele

September 23, 2005



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND CONSULTANTS



MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the President and Members of the Village Council Village of Port Sanilac Port Sanilac, Michigan

We have recently completed our audit of the basic financial statements (modified cash basis) of the Village of Port Sanilac for the year ended June 30, 2005. As noted in our *Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards*, we noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and compliance and other matters, that we considered to be material weaknesses; however, there were two reportable conditions that were required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The following recommendations are made for your consideration to enhance accounting and administrative controls:

Controls over the Budgeting Process.

As noted in the audited financial statements, some of the expenditures of the Village exceed the amount appropriated.

Michigan Public Act 621 of 1978 Sec. 18, as amended, provides that a Village shall adopt formal budgets for the General and Special Revenue Funds and shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amounts appropriated.

The Village has established procedures to detect such violations; however, there were instances where overages occurred.

Budget amendments should be made to cover any expenditures in excess of the amounts appropriated with all budget amendments approved by Village Council prior to the end of the fiscal year.

Controls over Allocation of Administrative Expenditures.

When preparing an allocation plan for central service costs, two specific items have to be identified – the cost that is central service in nature and the basis to be used to allocate the central service cost.

We noted that the Village allocates administrative expenditures; however, we believe that the method of allocation should be reviewed to determine that all the administrative costs that are central service in nature are included in the plan and the basis for allocation is readily available and verifiable.

If this cost allocation criteria is followed, the Village will have support that the costs charged to the various funds are reasonable and equitable.

These observations were considered in determining the nature, timing and extent of the audit tests applied on our audit of the June 30, 2005 financial statements. We have not considered internal control since the date of our report. It is always important to remember that management is responsible for the design and implementation of programs and controls to prevent and detect fraud.

This report is intended for the information of the management and members of the Village Council and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We wish to express our appreciation of the courtesy and cooperation extended to us during our examination. We are available to discuss any or all of these conditions with you and to provide assistance in the implementation of improvements.

Sincerely,

Stewast, Beauvant Whispele

September 23, 2005